Solutions for Assignment # 4

October 29, 2024

1. Write an explicit formula for this bijection.

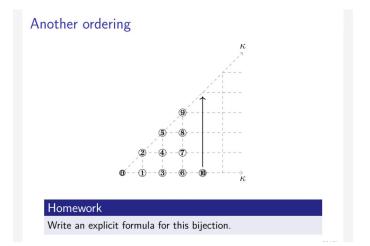


Figure 1: Another ordering

SOLUTION:

The area in the picture is $\kappa \times \kappa$ affine transformation $A = \{(\alpha, \beta) \in \kappa \times \kappa \mid \beta \leq \alpha\}$. And there is a nature bijection

$$f: \kappa \times \kappa \to A$$
$$(\alpha, \beta) \mapsto (\alpha + \beta, \beta)$$

The picture give us a well-ordering of A:

$$\begin{array}{l} g:A \rightarrow \kappa \\ (\alpha,\beta) \mapsto \sum_{\gamma < \alpha} \gamma + \alpha + \beta \end{array}$$

Where $\sum_{\gamma < \alpha} \gamma$ is the sum of all ordinals $< \alpha$, which can be defined recursively: For all ordinal number α ,

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{(a)} & \sum_{\gamma < 0} \gamma = 0. \\ \text{(b)} & \sum_{\gamma < \alpha + 1} \gamma = \sum_{\gamma < \alpha} \gamma + \alpha. \\ \text{(c)} & \sum_{\gamma < \alpha} \gamma = \lim_{\xi \to \alpha} \sum_{\gamma < \xi} \gamma, \, \text{for limit } \alpha > 0. \end{array}$$

And one can easily verify that g is a bijection. So the bijection from $\kappa \times \kappa \to \kappa$ should be

$$\begin{array}{l} g\circ f:\kappa\times\kappa\to\kappa\\ (\alpha,\beta)\mapsto\sum_{\gamma<\alpha+\beta}\gamma+\alpha+\beta+\beta\end{array}$$