

# Stochastic Hamiltonian Flows with Singular Coefficients

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**Abstract:** In this work we study the following stochastic Hamiltonian system in  $R^{2d}$  (a second order stochastic differential equation),

$$d\dot{X}_t = b(X_t, \dot{X}_t)dt + \sigma(X_t, \dot{X}_t)dW_t, \quad (X_0, \dot{X}_0) = (x, v) \in R^{2d},$$

where  $b(x, v) : R^{2d} \rightarrow R^d$  and  $\sigma(x, v) : R^{2d} \rightarrow R^d \otimes R^d$  are two Borel measurable functions. We show that if  $\sigma$  is bounded and uniformly non-degenerate, and  $b \in H_p^{2/3,0}$  and  $\nabla\sigma \in L^p$  for some  $p > 2(2d + 1)$ , where  $H_p^{\alpha,\beta}$  is the Bessel potential space with differentiability indices  $\alpha$  in  $x$  and  $\beta$  in  $v$ , then the above stochastic equation admits a unique strong solution so that  $(x, v) \mapsto Z_t(x, v) := (X_t, \dot{X}_t)(x, v)$  forms a stochastic homeomorphism flow, and  $(x, v) \mapsto Z_t(x, v)$  is weakly differentiable with  $\text{ess.sup}_{x,v} E \left( \sup_{t \in [0, T]} |\nabla Z_t(x, v)|^q \right) < \infty$  for all  $q \geq 1$  and  $T \geq 0$ . Moreover, we also show the uniqueness of probability measure-valued solutions for kinetic Fokker-Planck equations with rough coefficients by showing the well-posedness of the associated martingale problem and using the superposition principle established by Figalli [3] and Trevisan [5].

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